

## Digital Radiocommunication Testers CMD 54/57

For production, installation and service of GSM, PCN and PCS base stations

Rohde & Schwarz has an extensive know-how in the field of digital radio measurements. This know-how is fully utilized in the design concept of CMD 54 and CMD 57.

Digital Radiocommunication Testers CMD 54/57 are two advanced topclass instruments for measurements on base stations (BTS) and BTS modules. CMD 54 is designed for measurements in line with:

- GSM
- · E-GSM
- UIC European train radiotelephony

CMD 57 additionally covers the following standards:

- PCN/DCS1800
- PCS/DCS1900

The solution:



The main applications are:

- Module testing in production
- · Final testing with Abis control
- Installation with Abis control
- · Service with test mobile functionality

CMD is the first compact radiocommunication tester worldwide allowing measurements on transmitters and receivers of base stations without affecting telephone calls in progress.



# CMD 54/57 – talents for many applications

### Introduction

With the two Digital Radiocommunication Testers CMD 54/57 Rohde& Schwarz is setting another milestone in GSM radio measurements. These testers combine compact size with high measurement accuracy and speed. They are suitable both for stationary and mobile use and feature great ease of operation and high reliability. Operation is extremely easy and requires no detailed GSM knowledge. The high-contrast LCD display with softkeys on both sides allows menuguided convenient callup of test routines.

CMD – basic model
The talent for use in BTS production

CMD — with Option CMD-B7 and  $A_{\mbox{\tiny bis}}$  Control Software The talent for BTS installation/final testing with  $A_{\mbox{\tiny bis}}$  control

CMD – with Option CMD-B8
The talent for BTS service with test mobile functionality

• Wide dynamic range	>72 dB
High measurement speed	60 s for spectrum due to modulation
Signalling software	Call setup by means of RF signalling
A <sub>bis</sub> card and control software	Control of BTS
Test mobile functionality	Main functions of a mobile phone
Speech coder/decoder	Checking the speech quality

# The key features at a glance

Characteristic/function	Benefit/application
Transmitter measurements	
Dynamic range >72 dB	Checking the power ramps and output spec trum of the BTS transmitter for compliance with the dynamic range specified by GSM
Measurement of power ramps	Checking the switching characteristics of the BTS transmitter
Phase and frequency error	Testing the modulation characteristics of the BTS transmitter including statistical function
Extremely fast measurement of spectrum due to modulation or switching	Detecting interference to the BTS transmitter at adjacent frequencies, due to modulation or switching
Receiver measurements	
Measurement of bit error rate (BER) via A <sub>bis</sub> /IEEE bus/RS-232-C interface, BTS loopback or CMD loopback	Testing the BTS receiver characteristics by adaptation to specific implementation in the BTS
Measurement of adjacent timeslot rejec- tion with up to 50 dB higher level	Measuring the automatic gain control (AGC) of the BTS with high level difference between used and adjacent timeslot; simula tion of different BTS receive levels
Level error <1 dB at -104 dBm	Reproducible and conclusive measurements even at low output levels especially at the sensitivity limits of the receiver
Other measurements	
Echo test	Subjective test of speech quality with call established
Module test	Complete transmitter measurements even without signalling or time synchronization
Multifunction RF generator	Ideal for alignment of receiver modules
DC current and voltage measurement	Optimized for pulsed signals; replaces external measuring instruments
AF measurement facilities and 60-MHz frequency counter (optional)	Replaces external frequency counter; ideal for measuring reference frequencies
Flexible use	
Various BTS synchronization facilities as to time and frequency	Easy integration of measuring instrument into operational environment and problem-free adaptation to the specific synchronization signals of a BTS
Remote control via RS-232-C and IEC/IEEE bus interface	SCPI-compatible for easy generation of user-specific control programs
Low cost of ownership	
Software update via interface	No need to open the instrument; simple download of the latest software version via the RS-232-C interface
3 years of warranty	The optional warranty of 3 years allows the instruments to be utilized at calculable costs

## Main criteria for the decision-maker

The requirements...

The solution:

## CMD

## ...in production

- Easy integration of measurement facilities into production line
- Testing of BTS receiver and transmitter modules without signalling and via different productionspecific interfaces
- High speed in particular on the IEC/IEEE bus to achieve high production throughput
- Easy program generation for the IEC/IEEE bus

- Numerous synchronization and trigger facilities
- Module test allowing measurements even on non-pulsed signals
- Multifunction RF generator for measurements on receiver modules
- CMD replaces a variety of measuring instruments such as ammeter/voltmeter etc
- Extremely fast IEC/IEEE bus
- SCPI-compatible command set for fast program generation

Details: see page 6

### ...in BTS final test/installation

- BTS measurements by means of signalling
- · Call setup for signalling test
- Audio check
- Control of complete BTS system via A<sub>bis</sub> interface
- Automatic test run
- Generation of user-specific Abis control applications
- Simple modification in case of BTS software updates

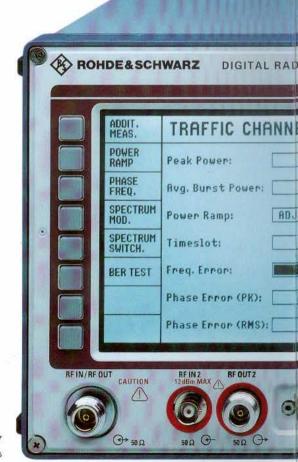
Details: see

## The solution:



## ... and in general

- Great measurement accuracy
- High measurement speed
- Ease of operation
- Easy to transport
- Low purchase and maintenance costs
- CMD 54 and CMD 57 are of modular design and thanks to numerous options adaptable to the large variety of base station measurements
- These digital radiocommunication testers feature a logical and straightforward measurement concept from production and installation through to service of base stations



Digital Radiocommunication Tester CMD 57 with options

The solution:

## CMD

- Synchronization to RF carrier with signalling information
- Call setup using RF signalling software
- · Speech coder for audio tests
- Control of BTS of different manufacturers via Abis interface
- A<sub>bis</sub> control: software in external notebook or resident in CMD
- Automatic test program for complete functional test

The solution:

## CMD

### ...in BTS service

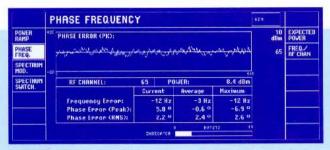
- Measurements on BTS during ongoing operation
- Transmitter and receiver measurements
- Telephone calls in progress are not affected
- Testing of retrofitted transmitter/receiver modules without interruption of operation
- CMD features the main functions of a test mobile and excellent measurement characteristics
- CMD can be fitted with selective filter, signalling software and SIM card reader
- CMD is able to measure receivers during ongoing operation by monitoring the bits received at the A<sub>bis</sub> interface

Details: see page 10

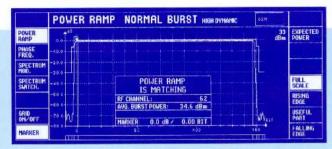
page 8



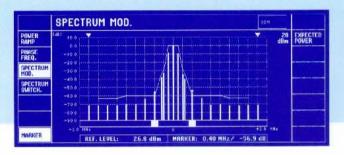
## The technical features in detail



CMD determines phase and frequency errors including maximum and average values



CMD allows the power ramp to be measured with high dynamic range; with graphic display, the zoom function enables application-oriented resolution of parts of the displayed curve



The spectrum due to modulation and switching can be measured in line with GSM specifications within a minimum of time and graphically displayed; the built-in marker function allows the measured value of each individual spectral line to be called up

#### The instruments

Digital Radiocommunication Testers CMD 54/57 are ideal for measurements on complete base station systems as well as on individual transmitter and receiver modules.

CMD 54 is designed for measurements in the frequency range:

- 800 to 1000 MHz
- GSM
- E-GSM
- UIC European train radiotelephony (optional)

CMD 57 covers the following additional frequency range:

- 1.7 to 1.9 GHz
- PCN/DCS1800
- PCS/DCS 1900 (optional)

#### The user interface

### Operation

The CMD is extremely easy to operate and requires no detailed GSM knowledge. The high-contrast monochrome LCD display with softkeys on both sides allows menu-guided convenient callup of test routines with various preset GSM-specific parameters.

#### Simple configuration

All parameters can be individually modified in the configuration menus, thus allowing for instance easy adaptation to stringent user-specific tolerances. If parameters have been modified with respect to the GSM specifications, this will immediately be shown on the display.

Additional attenuators, cables and amplifiers are often required for connecting the BTS. These are automatically taken into account by the CMD when calculating the measurement results.

#### Further advantages

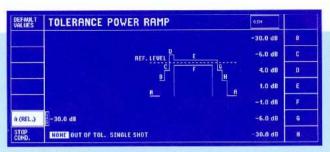
- Protection against incorrect settings
- Extremely easy program generation for computer-controlled operation
- Software update via RS-232-C interface
- Compact size and low weight thanks to LSI technology
- Selftest and automatic alignment for high reliability

### Transmitter measurements

The following GSM-specific measurements are available for transmitter testing:

- · Power ramping
- Phase/frequency error
- Spectrum due to modulation
- · Spectrum due to switching

Measurement results on the traffic channel (TCH) of the transmitter are obtained simply by switching to the corre-



User-defined tolerances, in the example shown for measurement of the power ramp, can easily be entered via configuration menus



The sensitivity of a transceiver module of the base station is verified by means of a bit error rate (BER) test in the RF loopback mode

Bit error rates are shown separately according to bit classes. The level of unused timeslots may be up to +50 dB above that of the timeslot used



sponding menu: depending on the selected function, the power ramp, phase and frequency error or the spectrum measurement will be graphically displayed. Statistical functions such as maximum, minimum and average values are available for some measurements.

#### Power ramp

The CMD is able to measure the power ramp with the full dynamic range of >72 dB (phase I) specified by GSM. With graphic display, the zoom function enables application-oriented resolution of parts of the displayed curve.

### Phase and frequency error

The CMD performs these measurements upon recognition of the training sequence in line with the GSM specifications and outputs the results in graphical and numerical form. A bargraph is available for alignments.

### Spectrum

Thanks to digital signal processing (DSP), the spectrum due to modulation or switching can be measured and displayed by the CMD in line with the GSM specifications within an extremely short time. The marker function allows the measured value of each spectral line to be called up. The CMD evaluates for the modulation spectrum for instance 500 bursts on the selected RF channel and each of its 22 offset frequencies within 60 s.

### Receiver measurements

## Bit error rate

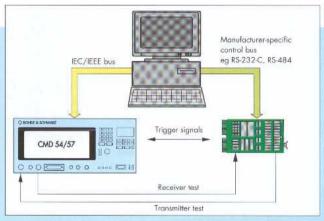
The BER measurement is an essential criterion for evaluating the receiver characteristics of a complete BTS system or a receiver module. The CMD provides various possibilities of measuring the bit error rate, either by an internal mode or supported by the device under test.

In the RF loopback mode of the BTS or using the optional  $A_{bis}$  Interface CMD-B7 the bit sequence received by the BTS can be made available to the CMD for calculating the bit error rate. Continuous measurement as well as preselectable single measurements considerably simplify operation for many applications.

## Adjacent timeslot rejection

An essential criterion is the response of the receiver to fast level variations at the input. The CMD can raise the level of all unused timeslots to up to 50 dB above the level of the used timeslot, thus heavily burdening the receiver during BER measurement.

## Applications in production



Typical test setup in module production: CMD 54/57 is remote-controlled via the IEC/IEEE bus, while the DUT is controlled via a manufacturer-specific bus

CMD in practical use: testing of transmitter and receiver modules



# The requirements in production

- Easy integration of measurement facilities into production line
- Testing of BTS receiver and transmitter modules without signalling and via different productionspecific interfaces
- High speed in particular on the IEC/IEEE bus to achieve high production throughput
- Easy program generation for the IEC/IEEE bus



## Easy to integrate and versatile

The many synchronization and trigger facilities (different bit and frame clocks, CO carrier and other reference frequencies, reference frequency of A<sub>bis</sub>) as well as additionally built-in analog measurement facilities allow the CMD to be optimally matched to the device under test and to the test environment.

## Transmitter/receiver measurements

The module test allows all essential transmitter measurements to be carried out without signalling. Measurements are possible on pulsed and non-pulsed signals. Modulated or unmodulated RF

carriers (with or without power ramping and with or without frequency offset) ensure reliable testing of receiver modules.

## CMD replaces expensive additional instruments

Additional instruments are not required when using the CMD, since they are already or can be integrated:

- ammeter/voltmeter
- RF and AF signal generators
- · frequency counter
- power meter

The CMD voltmeter/ammeter is designed for pulsed signals with GSM-specific time constant; AF voltmeter, AF generator and frequency counter enable measurements to be performed on the audio interface as well as measurement of reference frequencies.

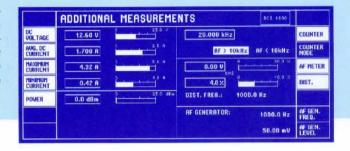


The module test allows measurements on pulsed and non-pulsed signals at discrete frequencies



A versatile RF generator is available for alignments. Softkeys can be allocated to frequently used settings

The CMD voltmeter/ammeter is designed for pulsed signals with GSM-specific time constant; AF voltmeter, AF generator and frequency counter enable measurements to be performed on the audio interface



## High speed

High measurement speed is no problem with remote control via the SCPI-compatible IEC/IEEE bus. Remote control is alternatively possible via the RS-232-C interface using the same command set (use of notebook).

## Ease of programming

The SCPI-compatible command set allows convenient programming of the IEC/IEEE bus. During program generation all commands for troubleshooting can be shown on the CMD display. To enhance speed, they can be blanked after successful testing.

# Recommended system configuration

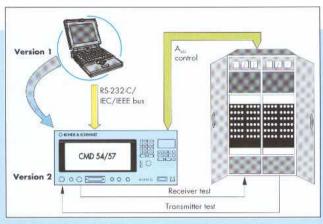
The basic configuration in conjunction with Option CMD-B3 is sufficient for many applications.

Where the frequency range for PCS 1900 is to be covered too, Option CMD-B19is required.

Options CMD-B6 and -B61 are required for remote control via the IEC/IEEE bus.

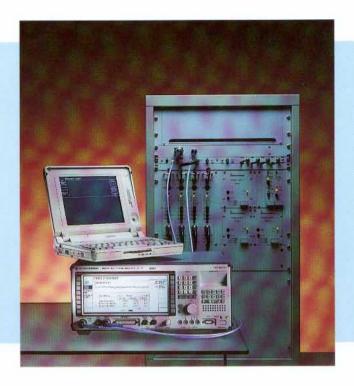
The optional AF Measurement Unit with Frequency Counter CMD-B41 is recommended for further analog measurements.

## Applications in BTS final testing/installation



Typical test setup for BTS final testing or installation. The CMD controls the base station via the  $A_{\rm bis}$  interface. The control software is either run on an external notebook (version 1) or directly in the CMD (version 2)

CMD in practical use: a base station is controlled via the A<sub>bis</sub> interface



# The requirements in BTS final testing/installation

- Measurements on BTS by means of signalling
- Call setup for signalling test
- Audio check
- Control of complete BTS system via A<sub>bis</sub> interface
- Automatic test run



## Measurements on active base stations

For BTS final testing, measurements have to be performed on active base stations which, controlled by external devices, send RF carriers with signalling information (eg CO carrier and TCH). The basic CMD model is an efficient tool for both transmitter and receiver measurements.

With synchronization to the CO carrier, the transmitted power as well as the phase and frequency error are shown on the LCD. This allows a rapid conclusion to be made on the functioning of the BTS.

## Call setup/ signalling

The CMD is provided with signalling characteristics when using the optional Signalling Software CMD-K30. After synchronization to the base station, a complete call can be set up by means of signalling at the RF interface. Immediately after setting up a traffic channel, all relevant RF data are measured and displayed.

The following functions are supported:

- · mobile originated calls
- base station originated calls
- location update
- call release

Since the signalling information sent by the BTS is evaluated by the CMD in realtime, the following functions are also supported:

- · frequency hopping
- · channel change
- change of timeslot

# Recommended system configuration

For signalling tests it is recommended to use the optional Signalling Software CMD-K30 with the basic model fitted with Option CMD-B3. For the control of a base station the  $A_{bis}$  Interface CMD-B7 plus the appropriate control software are required. The latter is offered in manufacturer-specific software packages.

Option CMD-B19 is required for PCS1900. Options CMD-B6 and

-B61 are required for remote control via IEC/IEEE bus.

Since an appropriate reference frequency is usually not available for field installation, it is recommended to use Option CMD-B2.

Menu example of the application software for A<sub>bis</sub> control on an external PC

	Config	Test		
		Heasurements selected:	3 (dec)	Nr. of ARFCNs
Sel. TRX 07		Measurements selected: Average Power: 5 bursts Frequency Error (Max): 5 bursts Phase Error RMS (Max): 5 bursts Phase Error Pask (Max): 5 bursts	1(dec)	1. ABFON
Sel. TRX 815		Phase Error Pask (avg): 5 bursts Phase Error Pask (avg): 5 bursts Phase Error Pask (avg): 5 bursts Mis Hell Measurement (avg): 5 bursts Mis Heasurement Result: 1 (on)	63 (dec.)	2. ARFCN
		RX BER Massurement: 20 frames BTS Measurement Result: I (on)	124 (dec)	3. ARFON
		TS selected: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 ARFCNs selected: 1 63 124		
Sel. IS 87		TRKs selected: 1 2 3 4 5 6	190	
Select meas.				Exit Nonu

## Speech coder for audio tests

If the optional software Realtime Speech Coder/Decoder CMD-B5 is additionally installed, the audio quality can also be checked and the BTS tested under realistic conditions.

## Abis control

Both for final testing in production and for the installation the network configuration has to be simulated in the measuring instrument and tailored to the specific needs of the individual BTS type.

The CMD features an interesting concept for testing base stations. Via the Abis Interface CMD-B7 and the appropriate BTS-specific CMD software the base station can be controlled and measurements carried out at the RF interface.

## Version 1: Control by external PC

Being remote-controlled via an external notebook, the CMD can execute BTS-specific A<sub>bis</sub> control programs. These application programs are used for manual control of the BTS. The notebook sends O&M messages via the CMD to the BTS. The following functions are supported:

- BTS reset
- BTS configuration
- software download
- BTS reconfiguration
- TRX activation (TCH, BCCH)
- TRX deactivation

As soon as the BTS has reached the desired status to be tested (eg carrier with maximum power on channel x activated), the typical RF characteristics of transmitter and receiver can be measured. One of the outstanding features of this concept is that the application program can be tailored to the user-specific needs.

## Version 2:

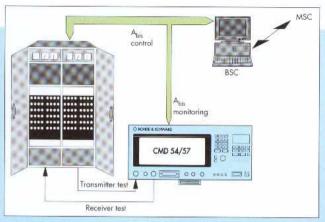
#### Direct control by CMD

As soon as the application program run on the external PC satisfies the requirements of the user, it can be downloaded into the CMD so that for performing the measurements only the CMD is required. The menus of the application program are now displayed on the CMD. Softkeys are provided for selecting A<sub>bis</sub> control mode or RF measurement.

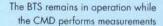
## Automatic testing

The software comes with an application program for each of the two versions allowing fully automatic testing of the BTS.

## Applications in BTS service



Typical setup for in-service testing. The CMD establishes a call and monitors the bits received at the  $A_{\rm bis}$  interface for receiver measurements





## The requirements in BTS service

- Measurements on BTS without interruption of operation
- Transmitter and receiver measurements
- Telephone calls in progress are not affected
- Testing of retrofitted transmitter/receiver modules without interruption of operation



## Test mobile functionality

The optional Test Mobile Functionality CMD-B8 adds an essential feature to the CMD: it operates like a mobile phone and features excellent measurement capabilities. In conjunction with the monitoring function of the optional Abis Interface CMD-B7 timeslot-accurate and channel-selective RF measurements can be performed on receivers and transmitters.

Thanks to this concept, CMD is the first compact radiocommunication tester worldwide allowing measurements on transmitters **and** receivers of base stations during ongoing operation. A very important factor is that transmitter and receiver modules can be retrofitted

without interruption of operation. Telephone calls in progress are not affected either.

The optional *Test Mobile Functionality* CMD-B8 comprises the following modules:

- Signalling software for call setup, call holding and call clearing
- SIM card reader for successful identification
- A<sub>bis</sub> monitoring for BER measurements to test receiver sensitivity (CMD-B7 required)
- Selective filter for adjacent-channel suppression

# Recommended system configuration

Options CMD-B8 and CMD-B6 providing all the necessary extensions for a call setup in the network plus a selective filter are required in addition to the basic model fitted with Option CMD-B3. Option CMD-B7 is required for receiver measurements

with the aid of A<sub>bis</sub> monitoring. Option CMD-B19 is required for PCS 1900.

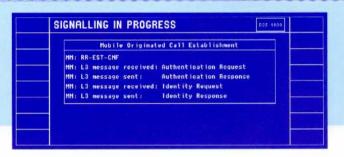
Remote control is possible via the RS-232-C interface fitted as standard. Since an appropriate reference frequency is usually not available for field installation, it is recommended to use Option CMD-B2.

The optional Realtime Speech Coder/Decoder CMD-B5 is available for audio tests.

Where both A<sub>bis</sub> control and test mobile functionality with A<sub>bis</sub> monitoring are required, the following configuration is recommended:

Basic model with CMD-B3 + CMD-B6 + CMD-B7 + CMD-K1x + CMD-B8

Typical signalling in progress (layer 3) during call setup



## Signalling software

The signalling protocols in line with the OSI layer model are implemented in the CMD – to the extent required for the measurements. The CMD behaves like a mobile phone in the network. The following functions are supported:

- mobile originated calls
- base station originated call
- location update
- authentication
- call release

Immediately after setting up a traffic channel, all relevant RF data are measured and displayed. Since the signaling information sent by the BTS is evaluated by the CMD in realtime, the following functions are also supported:

- · frequency hopping
- change of timeslot
- channel change

### SIM card reader

Like a GSM mobile phone the CMD also requires a SIM card reader for proper call setups, since only registered SIM cards provide access to the network. The card reader included in the optional *Test Mobile Functionality* CMD-B8 accepts SIM cards of credit card size and is fitted to the bottom of the instrument so that the size of the instrument is not affected.

### Abis monitoring

After a call setup the CMD applies RF signals modulated with CCITT bit pattern to the BTS receiver. Typical levels are in the range <-100 dBm. The level error of the CMD is <1 dB at -104 dBm.

The optional  $A_{bis}$  Interface is connected to the BTS – BSC link with high impedance and samples the bits received by the BTS (260-bit speech frames) in the

relevant timeslot. The detected bit errors are displayed in the BER measurement menu.

#### Selective filter

The contradictory requirements for broadband measurement and high selectivity are satisfied with the aid of a special filter which provides reliable suppression of interfering carriers close to the channel selected (typ.  $\geq \pm 3$  channels). The measurement accuracy is not significantly affected. The filter features a typical attenuation of 30 dB at 600 kHz from the carrier frequency.

# The options in detail

Option		Characteristics	Uses/
			recommendation
OCXO Reference Oscillator	CMD-B1	Ensures high absolute accuracy, minimum temperature- dependent drift and especially high long-term stability	For measurements with exacting requirements on frequency stability
OCXO Reference Oscillator	CMD-B2	Oven crystal with highest long-term stability. Ensures compliance with tolerances specified by GSM	For highly demanding requirements on fre- quency stability to GSM 11,20
Multi-Reference Frequency Inputs/Outputs	CMD-B3	For synchronizing DUT and measuring instrument with inter- nal or external frequencies	For all applications
AF Measurement Unit with Frequency Counter	CMD-B41	This option comprises an AF generator, an AF voltmeter, a distortion meter and a frequency counter for measurements on the audio interface or on modules. CMD-B41 allows measurements up to 60 MHz	For all applications to replace external devices
Realtime Speech Coder/ Decoder	CMD-B5	This option converts digital speech signals into analog signals (and vice versa)	In conjunction with CMD-K1x, CMD-K30 or CMD-B8
Adapter for CMD-B6x Options	CMD-B6	CMD-B6 is required for the use of Options CMD-B61 and -B62	
IEC/IEEE Bus Interface	CMD-B61	Remote control alternative to the RS-232-C interface fitted as standard	For fast remote control of the CMD
Memory Card Interface	CMD-B62	Memory cards are a versatile medium for storing instrument settings	For users needing identi- cal equipment configura- tions and for A <sub>bis</sub> control
A <sub>bis</sub> Interface	CMD-B7	A <sub>bis</sub> card for BER measurements at this interface	For sensitivity measure- ments; required for A <sub>bis</sub> control
Test Mobile Functionality	CMD-B8	Adds signalling software, SIM card reader and selective fil- ter to the basic model (CMD-B6 required)	
DCS1900 Base Station Test	CMD-B19	Allows tests on DCS 1900 base stations	
A <sub>bis</sub> Control Software	CMD-K10, -K11 and others	Comprises the A <sub>bis</sub> control software for a certain base sta- tion including application program for manual and auto- matic testing (CMD-B7 required)	Available on request
Signalling Software	CMD-K30	Adds call setup functionality to the basic model (this functionality is also contained in CMD-B8)	For signalling purposes eg in test network or in production
Modification Kit High-Level 2nd RF Output (13 dBm)	CMD-U2	The standard output level range of the second output is approx33 to -120 dBm; the level range +13 to -60 dBm is offered alternatively	For CMD 54 only
Modification Kit High-Level 2nd RF Output (11 dBm)	CMD-U3	The standard output level range of the second output is approx35 to -120 dBm; the level range +11 to -60 dBm is offered alternatively	For CMD 57 only
Trigger Inputs/Outputs	CMD-U5	The time synchronization signals can additionally be applied to BNC connectors on the rear panel. For monitoring purposes the demodulated I/Q signals are brought out at BNC sockets (rear panel)	
Memory Card	CMD-Z1	Formatted PCMCIA-compatible memory card for storing instrument settings	CMD-B62 required
Carrying Bag	CMD-Z40	Multifunction carrying bag for the instrument, suitable to be carried in hand, over the shoulder or on the back	See photo on foldout page at the back
UIC European Train Radio	CMD-K80	Allows measurements in the UIC frequency range – European train radiotelephony based on GSM-identical signalling	

## **Specifications**

#### Common data of CMD 54/57

Timebase TCXO Nominal frequency Frequency drift in temperature range 0 to 35°C Aging

Timebase OCXO Nominal frequency Frequency drift in temperature range 0 to 50°C Aging

Warmup time (at 25°C)

Timebase OCXO Nominal frequency Frequency drift in temperature range 0 to 50°C (referred to 25°C) with instrument turned by 90° (at 25°C) after 2 h warmup time (at 25°C, after 24 h out of operation) Aging after 30 days of operation and under constant operat, conditions

Warmup time (at 25°C)

DC voltmeter

Measurement range Resolution Error

DC ammeter Operating modes

Measurement range Common-mode rejection Resistance Resolution for current averaging

Resolution for peak measurement Residual indication (no current at input) ≤10 mA (at room temperature)

AF Measurement Unit

AF generator

Frequency range Frequency resolution Frequency error Level range Level resolution

Level error Distortion Max. output current Output impedance

AF voltmeter

Frequency range Measurement range Resolution

Error Input impedance

Distortion meter

Frequency range Input level range Resolution Inherent distortion Error

Measurement bandwidth

standard 10 MHz

≤1.5 x 10<sup>-6</sup> ≤0.5 x 10<sup>-6</sup>/year (at 35°C)

Option CMD-B1 10 MHz ≤1 x 10<sup>-7</sup>

≤1 x 10 · ≤2 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>/year ≤5 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>/day after 30 days of operapprox. 5 min

Option CMD-B2 10 MHz

≤5 x 10<sup>-9</sup> ≤1 x 10<sup>-8</sup> ≤5 x 10<sup>-9</sup>

≤3.5 x 10<sup>-8</sup>/year ≤5 x 10<sup>-10</sup>/day approx. 10 min

0 to ±30 V 10 mV

≤2% + resolution

current averaging with GSM-adapted time constant, current peak measurement (maximum and minimum)

0 to ±10 A ±30 V 50 mΩ 1 mA/10 mA 10 mA

≤2% + residual indication + resolution

Option CMD-B41

50 Hz to 10 kHz

0.1 Hz same as timebase + half resolution 10 μV to 5 V 10 µV at a voltage <1 mV

≤1 % at a voltage ≥1 mV ≤5% at a voltage ≥1 mV

< 0.5% 20 mA <50

1 ΜΩ

50 Hz to 10 kHz 0.1 mV to 30 V 100 μV at a voltage <10 mV 1% at a voltage ≥10 mV ≤5% + resolution

300 Hz to 3 kHz 100 mV to 30 V 0.1% of THD ≤0.5%

≤5% + inherent distortion

10 kHz

AF counter Frequency range Input level range Resolution Error Input impedance

20 Hz to 10 kHz 10 mV to 30 V same as reference + resolution 1 MO

IF counter

Frequency range Input level range Resolution Error Input impedance 10 kHz to 60 MHz 100 mV<sub>rms</sub> to TTL 1 Hz same as reference + resolution

approx. 1 MΩ | 100 pF

GSM-specific measurement of spectrum

Spectrum due to modulation

Test method Resolution filter bandwidth Measurement at an offset of

Dynamic range for offset >400 kHz

Spectrum due to switching Test method

Resolution filter bandwidth Measurement at an offset of Dynamic range for offset >400 kHz

Error

relative measurement, averaging 30 kHz

100/200/250/400/600/800/1000 /1200/1400/1600 and 1800 kHz better than specified by GSM max. 80 dB

<±1.5 dB

relative measurement, Max Hold over several measurements

30 kHz 400/600/1200 and 1800 kHz better than specified by GSM max. 80 dB, with SW correction max. 76 dB, without SW correction ≤1.5 dB (dynamic range <50 dBc) ≤2.5 dB (dynamic range 50 to 80 dBc)

GSM bit clock (270.8 kHz),

13 MHz in 1-MHz steps 2.048/16.384/26/39/52 MHz

with external reference

approx.  $100 \Omega$ 

O dBm to TTL

2/4/16 times GSM bit clock, 1 to

Multi-Reference Frequency Inputs/Outputs Option CMD-B3

Synchronization input Frequency (selectable)

Impedance Synchronization output 1: Frequency

Level Synchronization output 2: Frequency (selectable)

GSM bit clock, 2/4/16 times GSM bit clock, 1/2/4 or 13 MHz

10 MHz with internal reference

or frequency at synchronization input

TTL,  $R_{out} = 50 \Omega$ 

TTL,  $R_{out} = 50 \Omega$ 

Abis Interface Receive channel (traffic/speech) Option CMD-B7 75 Ω/high-impedance, unbalanced; 120 Ω/high-impedance, balanced; 16 kbit/s, timeslot selectable

Interfaces

RS-232-C (9-pin), Centronics (25-pin)

General data

Rated temperature range Storage temperature range Electromagnetic compatibility

Mechanical resistance Sine vibration

Random vibration

Shock

Power supply

Power consumption (without options) Electrical safety Dimensions (W x H x D) Weight (without options)

0 to +45°C to DIN IEC 68-2-1/2 40 to +60°C

complies with requirements of European EMC directive (89/336/EEC)

to DIN IEC 68-2-6, 5 to 55 Hz, 0.15 mm amplitude, 2 cycles to DIN 40046 part 24, 10 to 300

10 m/s<sup>2</sup> rms, 5 min/axis to MIL-STD-810D, 400 m/s<sup>2</sup> shock spectrum in 6 main axes 100 to 120 V AC ±10% 200 to 240 V AC ±10% 50 to 400 Hz ±5%

approx. 85 W VDE 0411, class I 435 mm x 192 mm x 363 mm

approx. 14 kg

## Specific data of CMD 54 (GSM)

#### RF generator

Frequency range

Frequency accuracy Resolution Settling time Output level (RF IN/OUT)/ (OUTPUT 2)

Resolution Level error (RF IN/OUT)/ (OUTPUT 2), burst with max. level Harmonics (RF IN/OUT)

Modulation Phase error GSM: 890.2 to 914.8 MHz E-GSM: 880.2 to 890.0 MHz same as timebase GSM channel spacing 200 kHz <3 ms for phase error <2°

-33 to -120 dBm 0.1 dB

≤1.5 dB (≤1 dB at -104 dBm) < -30 dBc GMSK,  $B \times T = 0.3$ ≤4° rms, ≤10° peak

#### Peak power meter (RF IN/OUT)

Frequency range Measurement range Resolution Error in GSM band 935.2 to 959.8 MHz **VSWR** 

800 to 1000 MHz 10 to 47 dBm 0 1 dB

≤0.5 dB + resolution (P > 13 dBm) < 1.3

#### Phase and frequency error measurement

Frequency range

GSM: 935.2 to 959.8 MHz E-GSM: 925.2 to 935.0 MHz

Level range RF IN/OUT RF IN 2

Inherent phase error Frequency measurement error

10 to 47 dBm -60 to 0 dBm <1.5° rms, <5° peak <5 Hz + timebase

#### **Burst power measurement**

Frequency range

GSM: 935.2 to 959.8 MHz E-GSM: 925.2 to 935.0 MHz

Reference level for full dynamic range RF IN/OUT

RF IN 2 Absolute measurement error of

peak power RF IN/OUT, unsynchronized RF IN/OUT, synchronized

to C0 carrier RFIN 2

Resolution in active part of timeslot

10 to 47 dBm -37 to 0 dBm

same as peak power meter

≤1 dB ≤1 dB

≤0.1 dB

#### High-dynamic burst analysis

Relative error of individual test samples Dynamic range

Measurement limit RF IN/OUT Measurement limit RF IN 2

≤1.5 dB to 72 dB below peak power >72 dB

<-36 dBm <-83 dBm

## Specific data of CMD 57 (GSM + DCS)

#### RF generator

Frequency range

Frequency accuracy Resolution Settling time Output level (RF IN/OUT)/(OUTPUT 2) Resolution Level error (RF IN/OUT)/(OUTPUT 2) Harmonics (RF IN/OUT)

Modulation Phase error

Peak power meter (RF IN/OUT)

Frequency range Measurement range Maximum RF power

Resolution Error in GSM band 935.2 to 959.8 MHz Error in DCS 1800/1900 band 1805.2 to 1879.8 MHz and 1930.2 to 1989.8 MHz1

VSWR

800 to 1000/1700 to 1900 MHz 0 to 47 dBm

GSM; 890.2 to 914.8 MHz

same as timebase

0.1 dB

<-30 dBc GMSK,  $B \times T = 0.3$ 

E-GSM: 880.2 to 890.0 MHz

GSM channel spacing 200 kHz

<3 ms for phase error <2°

-35(-37<sup>11</sup>) to -120 dBm

≤1.5 dB (≤1 dB at -104 dBm)

DCS1800: 1710.2 to 1784.8 MHz

DCS19001): 1850.2 to 1909.8 MHz

47 dBm pulsed 45 dBm CW

<4° rms, <10° peak

47 dBm CW at room temperature 0.1 dB

≤0.5 dB + resolution (P >10 dBm)

≤0.8 dB + resolution (P >4 dBm) ≤1.3

#### Phase and frequency error measurement

Frequency range

GSM: 935.2 to 959.8 MHz E-GSM: 925.2 to 935.0 MHz DCS1800: 1805.2 to 1879.8 MHz DCS1900<sup>1</sup>]: 1930.2 to 1989.8 MHz

Level range RF IN/OUT RF IN 2 Inherent phase error Frequency measurement error

0 to 47 dBm -57(-51<sup>1)</sup>) to 0 dBm ≤1.5° rms, ≤5° peak ≤5 Hz + timebase

#### **Burst power measurement**

Frequency range

Reference level for full dynamic range RF IN/OUT

RF IN 2 Absolute measurement error of peak power

RF IN/OUT, unsynchronized RF IN/OUT, synchronized

to CO carrier RF IN 2

Resolution in active part of timeslot

High-dynamic burst analysis

Relative error of individual test samples Dynamic range

Measurement limit RF IN/OUT

Measurement limit RF IN 2

E-GSM: 925.2 to 935.0 MHz DCS1800: 1805.2 to 1879.8 MHz DCS 19001): 1930.2 to 1989.8 MHz

GSM: 935.2 to 959.8 MHz

GSM: 10 to 47 dBm DCS1800/1900: 0 to 47 dBm -37(-31<sup>1</sup>) to 0 dBm

same as peak power meter

GSM: ≤1.3 dB DC\$1800/1900: ≤1.5 dB GSM: ≤1.3 dB DCS1800/1900: ≤1.5 dB

≤0.1 dB

≤1.5 dB to 72 dB below peak power >72 dB

GSM: <-36 dBm DC\$1800: <-48 dBm DCS 1900: <-42 dBm GSM: <-83 dBm DCS1800: <-85 dBm

DCS 1900: <-79 dBm

In DCS1900 mode with Option CMD-B19 fitted.

# CMD 54/57 in multicarrier mode (Option CMD-B8)

The specifications apply to all cases, in which interfering carriers (up to 30 dB above useful level) are more than 30 GSM channels away. If there are interfering signals close to the useful carrier, an additional IF filter is switched in [multicarrier mode].

Typical filter characteristics in multicarrier mode

Offset from useful channel (kHz)	Filter suppression (dB)
0	0 (reference)
200	<3
400	>20
600	>33
800	>41
1000	>48

This filter increases the measurement error for phase and power measurements.

Phase and frequency error measurement

Inherent phase error ≤2° (rms), ≤7.5° (peak)

Measurement of peak power/burst power

Level error ≤1.5 dB

GSM-specific spectrum measurements

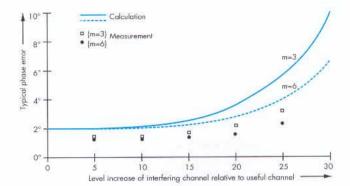
The dynamic range specified for the basic model refers to the sum of all input voltage components. The additional GSM carriers appear as strong spurious emissions in the spectrum measurement and have to be taken into account accordingly when evaluating the tolerances.

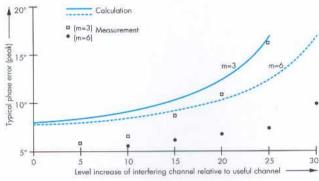
Typical effects of an interferer on power and modulation measurement results (see diagrams on the right). The characteristics of an interferer close to the carrier have the following effect on the measurement error:

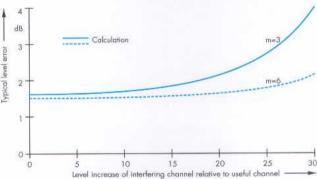
- Power: the lower the power of the interferer, the smaller the measurement error.
- Frequency offset: the larger the frequency offset of the interferer, the smaller the measurement error. In the diagrams on the right an interferer with an offset of m=3 or m=6 GSM channels has been assumed.
- Spectral purity: the narrower the modulation spectrum of the interferer, the smaller the measurement error. In the diagrams on the right the modulation spectrum to GSM 05.05 with linear interpolation (in the dB/Hz coordinates) has been used (worst case spectrum).
- Number of carriers: the fewer the carriers, the smaller the measurement error. In the example, 1 interferer has been assumed.

The curves shown in the diagrams have been **calculated** assuming the worst case spectrum as interferer, the guaranteed CMD-B8 specifications for phase and power measurement and a typical IF filter characteristic.

The **measured values** are based on a real GSM spectrum, typical CMD-B8 specifications and typical filter characteristic.



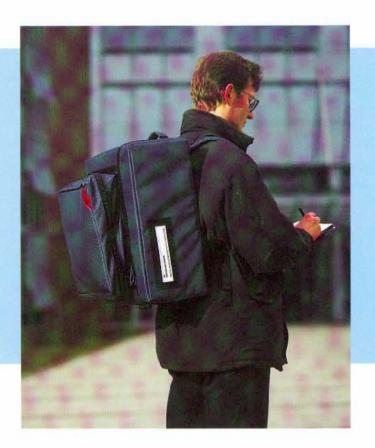




Phase and level error as a function of adjacent-channel power and adjacent-channel frequency offset

Rear panel of CMD







The CMD can easily be carried in the bag available as an option. For on-site measurements the CMD can be used inside the carrying bag.



# Ordering information

Designation	Type	Order No.
Digital Radiocommunication Tester* for GSM	CMD 54	1050.9008.54
<b>Digital Radiocommunication Tester*</b> for GSM/DCS1800	CMD 57	1050.9008.57
Accessories supplied Power cord, operating manual, spare fuses		
Options (for both models, unless stated otherwise)		
OCXO Reference Oscillator	CMD-B1	1051.6002.02
OCXO Reference Oscillator	CMD-B2	1059.8604.02
Multi-Reference Frequency Inputs/Outputs	CMD-B3	1051.6202.02
AF Measurement Unit with Frequency Counter	CMD-B41	1051.6902.02
Realtime Speech Coder/Decoder	CMD-B5	1051.8657.02
Adapter for CMD-B6x Options	CMD-B6	1051.7409.02
IEC/IEEE Bus Interface*)	CMD-B61	1051.7609.02
Memory Card Interface*)	CMD-B62	1051.8205.02
A <sub>bis</sub> Interface	CMD-B7	1051.8357.02
Test Mobile Functionality	CMD-B8	1059.8204.02
DCS 1900 Base Station Test	CMD-B19	1059.6201.02
Certified Calibration	CMD-CAL	1032.4043.07
A <sub>bis</sub> Control Software	CMD-K10, -K11, etc	On request
Signalling Software	CMD-K30	1082.4530.02
UIC European Train Radiotelephony	CMD-K80	1082.4930.02
Modification Kit High-Level 2nd RF Output (13 dBm); for CMD54 only	CMD-U2	1059.6301.02
Modification Kit High-Level 2nd RF Output (11 dBm); for CMD57 only	CMD-U3	1059.6501.02
I/Q Demodulator Outputs and Trigger Input (BNC connectors on rear panel, factory installation only)	CMD-U5	1059.6901.02
Formatted Memory Cards * *	CMD-Z1	1059.4809.02
Carrying Bag	CMD-Z40	1059.7808.02

The original colours of the LCD display can be seen on the large photo on page 2/3.

<sup>\*\*</sup> CMD-B6 also required.

